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APPLICATION NO	0.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/696,729		10/29/2003	Scott Freeberg	279.652US1	6340
21186	7590	06/01/2006		EXAMINER	
SCHWE	GMAN, L	UNDBERG, WOES	ROBERTS, DARIN		
P.O. BOX	2938				
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3762		
				DATE MAIL ED. 06/01/200	,

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/696,729	FREEBERG, SCOTT					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
•	Darin R. Roberts	3762					
The MAILING DATE of this communication a							
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tired will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29	October 2003.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
. —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37 and 46-55</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdo	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>38-45</u> is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1-21,23-33,35,36,46-48,50,51 and 53-55</u> is/are rejected.						
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Claim(s) 22,34,37,49 and 52 is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bure		od					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not receive	eu.					
Attachment(s)							
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	4) Interview Summan Paper No(s)/Mail D						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/(Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/11/04 and 3/21/05.		Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-20 & 53-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 1, 11 & 53 are directed toward the claiming of structures being in contact with or implanted within the body, such claiming amounts to an inferential recitation of the body, which renders these claims non-statutory.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 4, & 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Schuelke et al. (US 5755742 A).

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In reference to *claim 1*, the Schuelke et al. patent teaches a stimulation device (see abstract) capable of generating a current field in the heart (see abstract). The Schuelke et al. patent also teaches two pairs of electrodes coupled to two different chambers of the heart (see Fig. 1) as well as the generation of impedance information as a function of their respective voltages in response to a current field (see abstract & col. 5 lns. 13-18).

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I reference to *claim 4*, the Schuelke et al. patent teaches a device that possess therapy circuits, which are referred to as "the APACE and VPACE output circuits" connected to a processor (see col. 10, Ins. 24-28), connected to a microprocessor (see fig. 2) storing information in the form of code is inherent to the properties of a processor.

In reference to *claim 5*, the therapy circuits, APACE and VPACE, acts as pulse generators (see Fig. 1).

Claims 1, 2, 7, 11-15, 17-21, 23-31, 35, 36, 46-48, 50, & 51-53 & 55are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hiebert et al. (US 2003/0114891 A1).

In reference to *claims 1, 2, 7, 11, 14, 15, 17, 20,* 21, 25, 26, 28-31, 46, 51-53, & 55, the Hiebert et al. teaches the use of an implantable device comprising an exciter to generate a current field in a heart, and because the Hiebert et al device is capable of delivering pulses it inherently possesses a pulse generator (see pp. [0004]). Hiebert also teaches a electrodes coupled to a chamber of the heart; and other electrodes coupled to another chamber of the heart (see pps. [0007]-[0008]). Hiebert et al. also teaches the use of a processor coupled to multiple electrodes (see pp. [0033]) and

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electrodes adapted to generate impedance information (see pp. [0035]) as well as a code that is a function of a relationship between the impedance information (see pp. [0053] & [0056]). Because changes in impedance can indicate the level of one's activity, the sensors of the Hiebert et al. device can be described as activity sensors. The device also would inherently possess a channel through which on could generate a current field (see pp. [0037]). Hiebert et al. teach the use of an accelerometer and delivering a stimulation regimen based on accelerometer readings (see pp. [0035]).

In reference to *claims* 7, 12, 18, 27, 35, & 36, 47, 48, the Hiebert et al. publication teaches the use of an accelerometer couples to a processor (see pp. [0035]).

In reference to *claim 13*, the Hiebert et al. device inherently possesses excitation circuitry because it is a stimulation device (see pp. [0004 & [0005]).

In reference to *claims 19, 24*, the Hiebert et al publication teaches altering the stimulation parameters when a code is presented (see pp. [0053]).

In reference to *claim 23* Hiebert et al. teaches the use of wireless telemetry (see pp. [0025]).

In reference to *claim 33*, because the Hiebert et al. device is a therapy device, it would inherently possess therapy circuitry.

Claims 14 & 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ternes (US 2005/0065443 A1).

In reference to *claim 14 & 17*, Ternes teaches an implantable system comprising a sensor to provide a first signal representative of a first ventilation rate of a heart a second sensor to provide a second signal representative of a second ventilation rate and a processor coupled to the first sensor and coupled to the second sensor and adapted to identify a relationship between the first signal and the second signal and generate a code as a function of the relationship (see pps. [0029] & [0030]). The aforementioned sensors can be described as activity sensors. The Ternes publication also teaches generating a code (see pp. [0045]).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claim 32 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hiebert et al. (US 2003/0114891 A1).

In reference to *claim 32*, the Hiebert et al. patent does not teach the use of a filtration system in conjunction with the impedance sensors, however it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ the use of a filter in conjunction with the impedance sensors to prevent the unnecessary activation of stimulation.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 38-45 are allowed. The examiner was unable to find a reference that explicitly recited receiving a third signal based on the activity of the heart, and having the second therapy regimen be a function of the third signal.

Claims 8-10, 16, 22, 34, 37, 49, 52, & 54 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Darin R. Roberts whose telephone number is (571) 272-5558. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am to 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela D. Sykes can be reached on (571) 272-4955. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Darin Roberts
Patent Examiner
Art Unit 3762

D.R.

Jeffrey Jastrzab Primary Examiner Art Unit 3762

5/29/06